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Comparison of Sn1 and Sn2 Mechanisms

Table 1: Differences

S _N 2	Sn1
Primary Carbon: Unstable	Tertiary Carbon: Stable
No positive inductive affect	Positive inductive affect
Bi-molecular Reaction (2)	Uni-molecular Reaction (1)
$Rate = k[RX][OH^{-}]$	Rate = k[RX]
Concerted Reaction	Non-concerted reaction
Backslide Attack in 1 st step	Attack from either side in 2 nd step
Transition state: coplanar,	Intermediate: tri-molecular, trigonal
5 co-ordinate, bipyrimidal	planar
Occurs in cold, dilute, alkali solvent	Occurs in warm, polar solvent
No bonds broken initially	R-X bond broken first, due to
Walden Inversion	Non-mirror images
Product possesses optical activity	Optically inactive
1 Activated complex	2 Activated complexes
No mixture: 1 Type of Product	Product forms a racemic mixture

Table 2: Similarities

Both happen for 2 nd R-X reactions	
Both undergo nucleophilic substitution	
Both reactions are exothermic	