## The Mole: Problems I

- 1. Calculate the molar mass of:
- a) Na<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> b) Al<sub>2</sub>(SO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>3</sub> c) Ca<sub>3</sub>(PO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub> d) K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> e) Fe(CH<sub>3</sub>COO)<sub>3</sub>
- 2. Name the chemicals in question 1.
- 3. Given 490 g of sulphuric acid, H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, answer the following...
  - a) How many moles of H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> are present in 490 g of sulphuric acid, H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4?</sub>
  - b) How many molecules are present in 490 g of sulphuric acid, H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>?
  - c) How many hydrogen atoms are present?
  - d) How many sulphur atoms are present?
  - e) How many oxygen atoms are present?
- 4. How many moles of oxygen atoms are there in 4.0 moles of Cu (NO<sub>3</sub>)2?
- 5. Calculate the number of moles of molecules contained in 5.38 g of CuCI<sub>2</sub>?
- 6. How many oxygen atoms are contained in 3.6 moles of (NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>?
- 7. What is the mass of 1.204 x  $10^{24}$  molecules of K<sub>2</sub>Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub>?
- 8. Calculate the mass of 2.23 moles of trinitrotoluene, (TNT), CH<sub>3</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>2</sub>(NO<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>?
- 9. Calculate the number of moles in 50.0 g of each of the following...
  - a) penicillin,  $C_{16}H_{18}N_20_4S$
- b) cholesterol, C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>46</sub>O
- 10. Hydrocarbons and various oxides of nitrogen react photochemically (a chemical process that requires light) to form a variety of pollutants. The formula of one of the pollutants, peroxyacetylnitrate, is: CH<sub>3</sub>COOONO<sub>2</sub>.
  - a) What is the molecular mass of this compound?
  - b) How many moles are there in 24.2 g of CH<sub>3</sub>COOONO<sub>2</sub>?
  - c) How many oxygen atoms are there in 24.2 g of CH<sub>3</sub>COOONO<sub>2</sub>?
  - d) What is the percentage of oxygen in CH<sub>3</sub>COOONO<sub>2</sub>?
- 11. You are told that a sealed flask contains a mole of oxygen gas. Describe what you would find in the container. Sketch.
- 12. The sugar substitute sodium benzosulphimide (sodium saccharin) has a sweetness of about 500 times that of sucrose. You are told that a sachet of commercial saccharin contains 5.0 g. What can be deduced about the number of saccharin molecules present in this sachet? Explain.
- 13. Calculate the number of...
  - a) K atoms in 3.00 moles of K<sub>2</sub>O
  - b) Cl atoms in 2.5 g of AlCl<sub>3</sub>
  - c) Tl in 5.0 g Tl<sub>2</sub> SO<sub>4</sub>
- 14. Calculate the percentage of sodium in 110 g of Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>.

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